



Edition 2.0 2025-12

ISBN 978-2-8327-0761-6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions -

Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for AC systems

υς ICS 29.080.10



THIS PUBLICATION IS COPYRIGHT PROTECTED Copyright © 2025 IEC, Geneva, Switzerland

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and microfilm, without permission in writing from either IEC or IEC's member National Committee in the country of the requester. If you have any questions about IEC copyright or have an enquiry about obtaining additional rights to this publication, please contact the address below or your local IEC member National Committee for further information.

IEC Secretariat Tel.: +41 22 919 02 11

3, rue de Varembé info@iec.ch CH-1211 Geneva 20 www.iec.ch

Switzerland About the IEC

The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is the leading global organization that prepares and publishes International Standards for all electrical, electronic and related technologies.

About IEC publications

The technical content of IEC publications is kept under constant review by the IEC. Please make sure that you have the latest edition, a corrigendum or an amendment might have been published.

IEC publications search -

webstore.iec.ch/advsearchform

The advanced search enables to find IEC publications by a variety of criteria (reference number, text, technical committee, ...). It also gives information on projects, replaced and withdrawn publications.

IEC Just Published - webstore.iec.ch/justpublishedStay up to date on all new IEC publications. Just Published details all new publications released. Available online and once a month by email.

IEC Customer Service Centre - webstore.iec.ch/csc

If you wish to give us your feedback on this publication or need further assistance, please contact the Customer Service Centre: sales@jec.ch.

IEC Products & Services Portal - products.iec.ch

Discover our powerful search engine and read freely all the publications previews, graphical symbols and the glossary. With a subscription you will always have access to up to date content tailored to your needs.

Electropedia - www.electropedia.org

The world's leading online dictionary on electrotechnology, containing more than 22 500 terminological entries in English and French, with equivalent terms in 25 additional languages. Also known as the International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) online.

CONTENTS

FC	REWO	RD	3		
1	Scop	oe	5		
2	Norm	native references	5		
3	Term	ns, definitions and abbreviated terms	5		
	3.1	Terms and definitions	6		
	3.2	Abbreviated terms	6		
4	Princ	siples	7		
5	Mate	rials	7		
6	Site	pollution severity class	8		
7	7 Determination of the reference unified specific creepage distance (RUSCD)				
8	Choice of shed profile				
	8.1	General recommendations	9		
	8.2	Profile suitability	11		
9	Checking the shed profile parameters				
	9.1	Introductory remark	12		
	9.2	Alternating sheds and shed overhang			
	9.3	Spacing versus shed overhang			
	9.4	Minimum distance between sheds			
	9.5	Creepage distance versus clearance			
	9.6 9.7	Shed angle			
10		Creepage factorrmining USCD by correcting RUSCD			
10	10.1	Introductory remark			
	10.1	Correction for altitude K_a			
		-			
	10.3	Correction for insulator diameter K_d			
	10.4	Correction for profile K_{S}			
	10.5	Correction for the number of similar insulators in parallel K_p			
11		rmination of the final minimum creepage distance			
12	Conf	irmation by testing	19		
	12.1	Introductory remark			
	12.2	Determination of the long-duration withstand voltage			
	12.3	Selection of the standard pollution withstand test type			
	12.4	Artificial pollution test parameters			
Dil	12.5	Criteria of confirmation			
DII	ollograp	bhy			
- :-	4	DUCCD as a formation of CDC along	0		
		- RUSCD as a function of SPS class			
		- Typical "standard" profiles			
	Figure 3 – Typical "open" profiles				
	Figure 4 – Typical "anti-fog" profiles1				
		- Typical "alternating" profiles			
Fig	Figure 6 – Typical pin insulator shed profiles11				
Fig	Figure 7 – Illustration and typical values of shed overhang				

Figure 8 – Spacing versus shed overhang for uniform and alternating sheds	13
Figure 9 – Minimum distance between adjacent sheds of the same diameter for uniform and alternating sheds	14
Figure 10 – Creepage distance versus clearance for different sheds	15
Figure 11 – Illustrations of shed angle	15
Figure 12 – Correction for insulator diameter	18
Table 1 – Principal advantages (+) and disadvantages (-) of main shed profile types	9
Table 2 – Profile suitability, relative to a standard profile, for ceramic and glass insulators assuming the same creepage distance per unit or string	12
Table 3 – Classification of profile according to the values of shed overhang	13
Table 4 – Deviations for s/p for sheds with and without under-ribs	13
Table 5 – Deviations for $\it c$ for different lengths	14
Table 6 – Deviations for <i>l/d</i> for different sheds	15
Table 7 – Deviations for shed angle	16
Table 8 – Deviations for creepage factor	16
Table 9 – Artificial pollution test parameters for confirmation by testing	20

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions -

Part 2: Ceramic and glass insulators for AC systems

FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) IEC draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). IEC takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, IEC had not received notice of (a) patent(s), which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at https://patents.iec.ch. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

IEC TS 60815-2 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 36: Insulators. It is a Technical Specification.

This second edition of IEC TS 60815-2, together with IEC TS 60815-1, cancels and replaces the first edition of IEC TS 60815-2 published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

a) Some terms and definitions are modified or introduced in this document, such as USCD, nominal creepage distance, RUSCD, creepage factor, insulator trunk, etc.;

- b) From RUSCD of reference insulator to USCD of candidate insulator, the correction factors are introduced and revised, such as altitude correction, diameter correction, shed profile correction and parallel insulator number correction;
- c) Profile suitability on ceramic and glass insulators was simplified.

The text of this Technical Specification is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
36/615/DTS	36/635/RVDTS

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this Technical Specification is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all the parts in the future IEC 60815 series, under the general title Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60815, which is a technical specification, is applicable for the selection of ceramic and glass insulators for AC systems, and the determination of their relevant dimensions, to be used in high-voltage systems with respect to pollution. This document applies to insulators for outdoor installation only.

This document gives specific guidelines and principles to arrive at an informed judgement on the probable behaviour of a given insulator in certain pollution environments.

The basis for the structure and approach of this document is fully explained in IEC TS 60815-1.

The objective of this document is to give the user means to:

- determine the reference unified specific creepage distance (RUSCD) from site pollution severity (SPS) value or class;
- evaluate the suitability of different insulator profiles;
- determine the necessary USCD by applying corrections for insulator shape, size, position, etc. to the RUSCD;
- if required, determine the appropriate test methods and parameters to verify the performance of the selected insulators.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050-471, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) - Part 471: Insulators

IEC 60507, Artificial pollution tests on high-voltage ceramic and glass insulators to be used on AC systems

IEC TS 60815-1:2025, Selection and dimensioning of high-voltage insulators intended for use in polluted conditions - Part 1: Definitions, information and general principles

Bibliography

- [1] IEC TR 60815:1986, Guide for the selection of insulators in respect of polluted conditions
- [2] IEC 60050-614:2016, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) Part 614: Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity Operation
- [3] IEC 60383-1, Insulators for overhead lines with a nominal voltage above 1000 V Part 1: Ceramic or glass insulator units for AC systems Definitions, test methods and acceptance criteria
- [4] CIGRE WG D1.44, Guidelines for altitude correction of pollution performance of insulators, CIGRE Technical Brochure No. 705-2017
- [5] CIGRE Taskforce 33.04.01, *Polluted insulators: A review of current knowledge*, CIGRE Technical Brochure No. 158-2000
- [6] CIGRE WG C4.33, Outdoor Insulation in Pollution Conditions: Guidelines for Selection and Dimensioning Part 1: General principles and the AC case, CIGRE Technical Brochure No. 361-2008
- [7] CIGRE WG C4.303, Outdoor insulation in polluted conditions: Guidelines for selection and dimensioning Part 2: The DC Case, CIGRE Technical Brochure No. 518-2012